In addition to what is explained in this quick installation guide, the safety and installation information provided in the product manual must be read and followed. The technical documentation for the product is available at the website. The device must be used in the manner described in the manual. If this is not the case the safety devices guaranteed by the inverter might be ineffective.
1. Labels and Symbols

The labels on the inverter show the conformity marking, main technical data and identification of the equipment and manufacturer. The below labels are intended as an example only; in fact, other models of inverter are available.

---

2. Installation site and position

- Consult technical data to confirm the environmental specifications will be met.
- Installation of the unit in a location exposed to direct sunlight is acceptable. Except for the version equipped with a display.
- Do not install in closed spaces where air does not freely circulate.
- Always ensure that the flow of air around the inverter is not blocked, so as to prevent overheating.
- Do not install near flammable substances (minimum distance: 3 m).
- Do not install near on wooden walls or near flammable surfaces.
- Do not install in rooms where the people live or where the prolonged presence of people or animals is expected.
- Installation of these models can be carried out vertically or horizontally with a maximum inclination as indicated in the figures.
- Hardware and software maintenance on device entails opening the front door. Check that the correct installation safety distances are observed in order to allow routine check and maintenance operations.
- Install on a wall or strong structure suitable to bear the weight.
- If possible, install at eye-level so that the status LEDS can be seen easily.
- Install at a height which takes into consideration the weight of the appliance and in a position which is suitable for servicing, unless suitable means are provided to carry out the operation.
- Final installation of the device must not compromise access to any disconnection devices that may be located externally.
- Respect the minimum distances from objects around the inverter that could prevent the inverter installation and restrict or block the air flow.
- Provide sufficient working space in front of the inverter that allows to make connections on the wiring box.
- In case of multiple installation position the inverters side by side keeping the minimum distances (measured from the outer edge of the inverter) for each inverter. If the space available does not allow this arrangement, position the inverters in a staggered arrangement as shown in the figure so that heat dissipation is not affected by other inverters below.
- The vertical installation in also permitted on a structure which must be composed of 2 supports for the support of the rear pins.
- The vertical installation in also permitted on a structure which must be composed of 2 supports for the attachment of the bracket and one for the support of the rear pins.
- The inverter operates normally up to 2000 meters; between 2000 and 4000 meters the inverter works in derating (to verify curve derating), above 4000 meters the installations are forbidden.
- Never open the inverter in the case of rain, snow or a level of humidity >95%.

---

ATTENTION – The labels placed on the equipment absolutely MUST NOT be removed, damaged, dirtied, hidden, etc.

In the manual and/or in some cases on the equipment, the danger or caution areas are indicated with signs, labels, symbols, icons.

- Always refer to instruction manual
- General warning - Important safety information
- Dangerous voltage
- Hot surfaces
- Protection rating of equipment
- Temperature range
- Without insulation transformer
- Direct and alternating current, respectively
- Positive and negative pole of the input voltage (DC)
- Obligation to use protective clothing and/or personal protective equipment
- Point of connection of the protective ground
- Risk of electric shock, The discharge time (quantified in the figure by the number XX) of the stored energy after de-energizing of the Inverter from both DC side and AC side.

---

ATTENTION – Do not block access to the external AC and DC disconnect switches.

ATTENTION – Please refer to the warranty terms and conditions and avoid voiding the warranty with improper installation.
3. Inverter models and components

The inverter model should be chosen by a specialized technician who has a good knowledge of the installation conditions, the devices that will be installed externally, and whether it will eventually be integrated into an existing system.

The following models of inverter are available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inverter model</th>
<th>Input channel</th>
<th>DC switch</th>
<th>DC SPD</th>
<th>DC connection</th>
<th>String fuses</th>
<th>AC SPD</th>
<th>Display</th>
<th>DC SPD class 1+2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PVS-50(60)-TL</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Class 2</td>
<td>screw terminal blocks</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Class 2</td>
<td>optional</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PVS-50(60)-TL-SX</td>
<td>3 (1 if paralleled)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Class 2</td>
<td>15 pairs quick fit connectors</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>Class 2</td>
<td>optional</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PVS-50(60)-TL-SX2</td>
<td>3 (1 if paralleled)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Class 2</td>
<td>15 pairs quick fit connectors</td>
<td>Positive and negative</td>
<td>Class 2</td>
<td>optional</td>
<td>optional</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Main components

01 Bracket
02 Locking brackets
03 Inverterbracket anchor points
04 Wiring box front door
05 LED panel
06 Display
07 Keypad
08 Keylock
09 Wi-Fi antenna connector
10 Ethernet gland
11 Locking brackets attachment point
12 Ethernet cable gland
13 Service cable gland
14 Handle
15 DC disconnect switch
16 Protective earth terminal (external)
17 DC cable glands
18 AC cable glands
19 Input quick fit connectors (channel 1)
20 Input quick fit connectors (channel 2)
21 Input quick fit connectors (channel 3)
22 DC overvoltage surge arresters
23 Cooling section
24 Lower support
25 Communication and control board
26 Grounding kit (optional kit)
27 DC overvoltage surge arresters
28 Negative (-) side string fuses
29 Positive (+) side string fuses
30 AC overvoltage surge arresters
31 Parallel MPPT connection points
32 Parallel MPPT connection points
33 DC disconnect switch
34 Negative (-) side string fuses
35 Positive (+) side string fuses
36 AC overvoltage surge arresters
37 Protective earth terminal (internal)
38 Protective earth terminal (external)
39 DC input screw terminal block
40 AC filter board
41 Parallel MPPT connection points
42 Ethernet gland
43 AC filter board
44 AC disconnect switch
45 AC disconnect switch
46 AC disconnect switch
47 AC filter board
48 AC filter board
49 AC filter board
50 Parallel MPPT connection points
51 ALARM (multifunction relay) terminal block
52 AUX (multifunction relay) terminal block
53 RS485-1 and RS485-2 lines, R1ON/OFF and R2ON/OFF (remote ON/OFF) and 5V auxiliary lines terminal block
54 RS485-1 line 120Ohm termination resistor switch
55 RS485-1 line connection on RJ45 connector
56 RS485-1 line connection on RJ45 connector
57 RS485-2 line connection on RJ45 connector
58 RS485-2 line 120Ohm termination resistor switch
59 RS485-2 communication card housing

READ THE MANUAL – See the manual for details on the connections and functions available on the communication and control board. The illustration shows the main components and connections available on the communication and control board (30). Each connection cable reaches the communication board through service cable glands (13) and Ethernet cable gland (12).
4. Lifting and transporting

Transport and Handling
Transport of the equipment especially by road, must be carried out with means for protecting the components (in particular, the electronic components) from violent shock, humidity, vibration, etc. During handling, do not make any sudden or fast movements that can create dangerous swinging.

Lifting
FIMER usually stores and protects individual components by suitable means to make their transport and subsequent handling easier, but as a rule, it is necessary to utilize the experience of specialized staff in change of loading and unloading the components. Do not lift several units or parts of the equipment at the same time unless otherwise indicated. The ropes and equipment used for lifting must be suitable for bearing the weight of the equipment.

Unpacking and Checking
The packaging components must be removed and disposed of according to all applicable laws and regulations of the country where the equipment is being installed. When you open the package, check that the equipment is not damaged and make sure all components are present. If you notice any defects or damage, stop unpacking and contact the carrier, and also promptly inform the FIMER Service department.

Model | Weight (kg)
---|---
PVS-50-TL / PVS-60-TL | 70 kg/159lbs

5. Supplied Component list

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components supplied with the inverter</th>
<th>Q.ty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mounting bracket (1) + screws for</td>
<td>1+6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bracket mounting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Locking brackets (2) + screws for the</td>
<td>4+8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>locking bracket mounting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless antenna</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configurable relay connectors</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control and communications signal</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>connectors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-hole gasket for PG 21 signal</td>
<td>2+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cable glands (13) + cap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M6 screw for securing the:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective earth terminal (internal) (37)</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protective earth terminal (external) (16)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M6 toothed washer for securing the:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2x Protective earth terminal (internal) (37)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2x Protective earth terminal (external) (16)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration bar for paralleled input</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>channels and M5x12 screws (with 1+3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plain and split washers)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key for front door key-lock (8)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical documentation</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Mounting instructions

The mounting bracket (1) can be used to install the inverter on a vertical or horizontal support.

1. Position the bracket (1) perfectly level on the support and use it as a drilling template. (FIG. 1)
2. It is the installer’s responsibility to choose an appropriate number and distribution of attachment points. The choice must be based on the type of support (wall, frame or other support), the type of anchors to be used and their ability to support 4 times the inverter’s weight (4 x 70 kg = 280 kg for all models). Attach the bracket to the wall with at least 10 attachment screws. Depending on the type of anchor chosen, drill the required 10 holes (A) to mount the bracket. Put at least four screws in the upper side and at least four in the lower side (see example in the illustration).
3. Fix the bracket to the support. (FIG. 2)
4. Lift the inverter using the handles (14), or another appropriate lifting device. The inverter is pre-equipped with lower support (24) which allow it to be temporarily put vertically on the floor to make it easier the lifting. (FIG. 3 and 4).
5. Insert the heads of six anchor point (3), present on the bracket into the slots (A) on the rear of the inverter. (FIG. 5)
6. Install the 4 fixing bracket (2) on the 4 corner of the inverter (using 8 screws). (FIG. 6)
7. Remove the protective cover from the connector of the wireless antenna located on the left side of the inverter. Install the wireless antenna by screwing it into the specific connector (10). (FIG. 7)
8. Open the wiring box front door (4) turning the 3 key-lock (8) in “OPEN” position and proceed with the wiring and connections depending on the model. (FIG. 8)
7. Line cable - Protection devices

Load Protection Breaker (AC Disconnect Switch) and Line Cable Sizing

To protect the AC connection line of the inverter, we recommend installing a device for protection against over current with the following characteristics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>PVS-50-TL</th>
<th>PVS-60-TL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated Voltage/Current</td>
<td>400 V / 100 A</td>
<td>480 V / 100 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnetic protection characteristic</td>
<td>B/C</td>
<td>B/C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of poles</td>
<td>3/4</td>
<td>3/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of differential protection (if required)</td>
<td>A/AC</td>
<td>A/AC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential sensitivity (if required)</td>
<td>500mA for PVS-50-TL and 600mA for PVS-60-TL</td>
<td>500mA for PVS-50-TL and 600mA for PVS-60-TL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Characteristics and Sizing of the Line Cable

The AC connection is three-phase (three-wire connection 3W+PE or four wire connection 4W+PE, grounded only WYE system). The cross-section of the AC phase conductor must be appropriately sized in order to prevent unwanted disconnection of the inverter from the distribution network due to high impedance of the line that connects the inverter to the power supply point.

8. Output connection (AC)

**ATTENTION** – Grounding connection is essential before connection to the power supply network.

In compliance with standard IEC 62109 it is necessary: Install a earthing cable in the protective earthing terminal with a minimum section as indicated in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cross-sectional area of phase conductors (S) (mm²)</th>
<th>Minimum cross-sectional area of the protective earthing conductor (mm²)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S ≤ 16</td>
<td>S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 &lt; S ≤ 35</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 &lt; S</td>
<td>S/2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ATTENTION** – The value on this table are valid only if the protective earthing conductor is made of the same metal as the phase conductors. If this is not so, the cross-sectional area of the earthing conductor is to be determined in a manner which produces a conductance equivalent to that which results from the application of this table.

It is possible to install a second earthing cable (with the same section as the first one) positioning it in the protective earth terminal not used (internal (37) or external (16)). Installation of a second protective ear cable is also required by regulations in force in certain countries of installation.

AC Cable Installation:

To carry out the connections, a multicore cable (44 to 52mm diameter) must be passed through the single AC cable gland (18). Connection of AC cable is made to the AC output screw terminal block (38); the screw terminal block accepts cables with a maximum-cross section of 95 mm2 (copper or aluminum).

- Öffnen Sie die vordere Abdeckung der Anschlussbox (04).
- Lösen Sie die AC-Kabelverschraubung. (18)
- Führen Sie das Kabel mit dem geeigneten Querschnitt ein.
- Connect the earth cable to the protective earth terminal (internal (37) following to the sequence illustrated in the below figure and tightening it to a torque of 11Nm. A ring cable lug, suitable for M6 size threaded insert, must be installed on the cable. (FIG. 9)

- As alternative is possible to connect the earth cable to the protective earth terminal (external (16) positioned on the left side of the mechanics. As per the protective earth terminal (internal (37) following to the sequence illustrated in the below figure and tightening it to a torque of 11Nm. A ring cable lug, suitable for M6 size threaded insert, must be installed on the cable. (FIG. 9)

- Connect the Neutral (if provided), R, S, T wires to the respective terminals of the AC output screw terminal block (38). Observe the connection sequence of the phases R, S, T indicated on the labels placed on the internal AC cables. (FIG. 10)

- Give each wire a pull test to confirm the connection is secure.

In the AC filter board (40) set the switch (S1) based on the configuration of the output connections (FIG. 12):

- 3WIRES position. Three wires configuration (R+S+T)
- 4WIRES position. Four wires configuration (Neutral+R+S+T)

Once connection to the AC output screw terminal block (38) has been completed, retighten (10.0 Nm torque) the cable gland firmly and check seal.

9. Input connection (DC)

**FORBIDDEN** – Do not place objects of any kind on the inverter during operation! Do not touch the heatsink while the inverter is operating! Some parts may be very hot and cause burns.

**WARNING** – Comply with the maximum input current relating to the quick-fit connectors as indicated in the technical data. Polarity inversion can cause serious damage. Check polarity before connecting each string! When the photovoltaic panels are exposed to sunlight they provide continuous DC voltage to the inverter. To avoid risks of electrical shock, all wiring operations must be carried out with the DC disconnect switch internal and external (if present, applying LOTO procedures on it) to OFF position and with the external AC disconnect switch to OFF position (applying LOTO procedures on it). It is forbidden to touch the terminals/primary elements of the inverter during operation! The inverters referred to in this document are WITHOUT AN ISOLATION TRANSFORMER (transformerless). This topology implies the use of isolated PV panels (IEC61730 Class A Rating) and the need to keep the PV array floating with respect to ground: no terminals of the PV array must be connected to ground. For a different connection of PV strings, when a negative input grounding kit is installed, the use of an isolation transformer in mandatory. Refer to the “PVS-50/60-GROUNDING KIT” Quick Installation Guide for further information. If input strings are paralleled, they must have the same installation conditions (number of panel sets, panel type, orientation and tilt).

DC-side connections may vary depending on the inverter model.
- PVS-50(60)-TL Model

In these inverter models, equipped with single MPPT, the PV array is connected to the inverter through the DC input screw terminal block (39)
by passing the cable through the DC cableglands (17). (FIG. 13).

- Confirm the DC cables have a 13-21mm diameter, a cross-section of 95mm² and are made of copper or aluminum.
- Unscrew the cable gland and remove the cap
- Run the cable through the cable gland (17)
- Connect the PV array (+ and -) to the DC input screw terminal block (39) (tightening torque 20 Nm) (FIG. 14)
- When finished, confirm the polarity is correct for each string.
- Pull each cable to check its tightness.

• PVS-50(60)-TL-SX and PVS-50(60)-TL-SX2 Models
In these inverter models, the PV array is connected to the inverter through quick fit input connectors (MPTT) (19), (20), (21) located at the bottom of the mechanics. (FIG. 15)
- Based on PV system configuration, inputs can be set as 3 independent MPPTs or as a single MPPT with the three parallelled input channels. Parallelled inputs can be obtained by installing the bar (provided) on the paralleled MPPT connection points (41) using the 3 screws (M5x12, tightening torque 4.0Nm) (FIG. 16) An incorrect setting of the input channels can lead to loss of energy production.
- Quick fit connectors are divided into 3 groups (a group for each input MPPT), each composed of 5 couples of quick fit connectors. Refer to document “String inverters – Product manual appendix” available on FIMER website https://www.fimer.com to find out the make and model of the quick fit connector used on the inverter. Depending on the type of quick fit connectors installed on your inverter, you will have to use the same type for the corresponding counterparts (after checking for compliant counterpart on the manufacturer’s website or with FIMER).

11. Commissioning

Commissioning could be carried out in two different ways:
• Via “Installer for Solar Inverters” mobile APP - Recommended mobile APP for commissioning single inverter as well as multi inverter solar plant.
• Via Web UI (access point wireless network) - Integrated Web User Interface enabling setting parameters and performing commissioning of a single inverter (multi inverter support is not provided). Recommended as alternative method for performing single inverter commissioning.

Commissioning via “Installer for solar inverters” mobile app
“Installer for Solar Inverters” is the new advanced FIMER mobile APP allows to simplify commissioning, parameter settings and troubleshooting of FIMER string multi-inverters in large scale solar plants. Even in case of single inverter installation it can be consider the most suitable professional tool to be used. “Installer for Solar Inverters” mobile APP is available for mobile devices with an Android version of 6.0.1 or greater (iOS mobile devices support will come soon) and could be downloaded and installed from Play Store.

Commissioning procedure:
• It’s highly recommended to connect the inverters in ethernet daisy chain (with or without ring) before executing the commissioning procedure. Make sure that all the inverter being commissioned features the last firmware version (updating can be executed via Installer for Solar Inverters mobile APP).
• Supply the input voltage from the photovoltaic generator to the inverter.

ATTENTION – Make sure irradiation is stable and adequate for the inverter commissioning procedure to be completed.

The main steps to complete the commissioning procedures are listed below:
• Installer for Solar Inverters mobile APP installed on mobile device.
• Enabled Aurora Vision installer account allowed to use the mobile APP.
• The account can be created in the mobile APP directly following the dedicated wizard procedure.
• Manual claiming of the inverters to be commissioned. The claiming process consists of indicating which inverters are to be commissioned.

Claiming process can be executed by scanning the QR codes of all the inverters being worked and putting the selected inverters into the working list. Please insert in the list inverters belonging to the same inverters family; no more than 40 inverters by time can be configured together.
As an alternative of QR code scanning, claiming process can be executed by selecting manually the SSIDs associated to the Wi-Fi networks generated by each inverter to commission and inserting Product key when requested. Both QR code and Product key are provided on the Communication identification label stuck onto each inverter. The Communication Identification label is divided in two separate parts by a dashed line; take the bottom part and apply it on the plant documentation. (it’s recommend to create a plant map and apply the Communication Identification label of each inverters in the right position of that map).

Above steps are valid for executing any available functionalities of the Installer for Solar Inverters mobile APP.
In order to launch the installation wizard and so complete the commissioning procedure please click “Commissioning” button. If needed click prevently on “Firmware update” button for aligning the firmware of all the inverters in the list to the last version (internet connection is needed).

**READ THE MANUAL** – For more details about commissioning and any other functionalities of the Installer for Solar Inverters mobile APP please contact FIMER customer support. For any other specific settings of parameters of single inverters please refer to “Description of the Web User Interface” chapter.

**Commissioning via web UI (Access point wireless network)**

The inverter can be commissioned and configured from a wireless device, such as a Smartphone, a tablet or a laptop. The commissioning procedure is as follows:
1. Supply the input voltage from the photovoltaic generator to the inverter.
2. Enable the wireless functionality on the device you are using for the commissioning of the inverter the network named ABB-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX, where “X” is an hexadecimal number of the MAC Address (the MAC Address is indicated on the “wireless identification label” on the side of the inverter).
3. When prompted, type the “product key” (including the dashes. Example: 1234-1234-1234-1234) as the network password.
4. Open your Internet browser (recommended browsers: Chrome from v.55, Firefox from v.50, Safari from V.10.2.1) and enter the default IP Address to access the Configuration Wizard page: 192.168.117.1.
5. This will start the Configuration Wizard:
   - **STEP 1** - Set the Admin/User access credentials (at least 8 characters for the password). Username and password are CASE SENSITIVE.
   - **STEP 2** (optional) - Enter the required information (IP Address selection mode, SSID, and password) to connect the inverter to the wireless network.
   - **STEP 3** - Set the Date, Time and Time Zone.
   - **STEP 4** - Set the inverter grid standard and configure the input channels. By clicking “FINISH” the wizard completes the configuration procedure (after the settings are confirmed, the inverter restarts).

**ATTENTION** – From the moment the grid standard is selected, there will be 24 hours available to make any changes to the grid standard; after this, the “Country Select” feature is blocked and you can make further changes only by resetting the remaining-time timer.

6. Supply the grid voltage to the inverter. Once the AC and DC disconnect switches are closed and the Configuration Wizard has completed the configuration procedure, the inverter starts the grid connection sequence.
   - If the outcome of the preliminary checks is positive, the inverter will connect to the grid and start exporting power. The “Power” LED remains solid on, while the “Alarm” and “GFI” LEDs are off.

**READ THE MANUAL** – For more information about the configuration and use of the internal Web server, refer to the product manual.

**12. Features and Technical Data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input</th>
<th>PVS-50-TL</th>
<th>PVS-60-TL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Absolute maximum input voltage (V_{input})</td>
<td>1000 V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input activation voltage (V_{start})</td>
<td>420...700 V (default 420 V)</td>
<td>420...700 V (default 500 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating DC input voltage range (V_{min}...V_{max})</td>
<td>0.7xV_{start}...950 V (min 300 V)</td>
<td>0.7xV_{start}...950 V (min 360 V)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated input DC voltage (V_{acc})</td>
<td>610 V</td>
<td>720 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated input DC power (P_{in})</td>
<td>52000 W</td>
<td>61800 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of independent MPPTs</td>
<td>3 (-SX and -SX2 versions) / 1 (standard version)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum input power for each MPPT (P_{in})</td>
<td>19300W@30°C/17500W@45°C</td>
<td>23100W@30°C/21000W@45°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC input voltage range (V_{min}...V_{max})</td>
<td>480...800 V</td>
<td>570...800 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum input current short circuit current (Idc max) for each MPPT</td>
<td>55A (165A for paralleled MPPTs)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum backfeed current (AC side vs DC side)</td>
<td>Negligible in normal operating conditions (1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. of DC input pairs for each MPPT</td>
<td>5 (-SX and -SX2 versions)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DC connection type</td>
<td>Screw terminal block (standard model) / PV quick fit connector (2) (-SX and -SX2 models)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of PV panels connected in input in accordance with Standard IEC 61730</td>
<td>Class A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse polarity protection</td>
<td>Yes, from a limited current source</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input overvoltage protection for each MPPT</td>
<td>Yes, 1 for each MPPT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input overvoltage protection for each MPPT</td>
<td>Type II / Type I+II (optional)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surge Arrester</td>
<td>Complying with the local standard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isolation control</td>
<td>15 A / 20 A</td>
<td>1000 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>String fuses (models with fuses)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grounded WYE system only</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AC connection to the grid</th>
<th>3W + GND (no N connection) or 4W + GND (with N connection)</th>
<th>Grounded WYE system only</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rated AC output power (P_{max})</td>
<td>50000 W</td>
<td>60000 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum AC output power (P_{max})</td>
<td>55000 W up to 30°C</td>
<td>66000 W up to 30°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum apparent power (S_{max})</td>
<td>55000 VA up to 30°C</td>
<td>66000 VA up to 30°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rated AC grid voltage (V_{grid})</td>
<td>400 Vac</td>
<td>480 Vac</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PVS-50-TL | PVS-60-TL
---|---
AC output voltage range (Vac min...Vac max) | 320...480 Vac (1) | 384...571 Vac (1)
Maximum AC output current (Iac max) | 80 A | 
Contribution fault current | 92 A | 
Rated output frequency (f) | 50 / 60 Hz | 
Output frequency range (fmin...fmax) | 47...53 / 57...63 Hz (2) | 
Rated power factor and adjustable range | > 0.995, 0...1 inductive/capacitive with max Smax | 
Total current harmonic distortion | < 3 % | 
Maximum AC cable cross-section allowed | 95 mm² copper | 
AC connection type | Screw terminal block, cable gland M63 | 
**Output Protection**
- Anti-islanding protection | Complying with the local standard (active frequency drift combined with RoCoF techniques) | 
- Maximum external AC overcurrent protection | 100 A | 
- Output overvoltage protection - Varistor | Yes | 
- Output overvoltage protection - Surge Arrester | Type II | 
**Operating Performance**
- Maximum efficiency (ηmax) | 98.4% | 98.6% | 
- Weighted efficiency (EURO/CEC) | 98.2% / - | 98.4%/- | 
**Communication**
- Integrated communication interface | 3x RS485, 2x Ethernet (RJ45), WLAN (IEEE802.11 b/g/n @ 2.4 GHz) | 
- Communication protocol: | Modbus RTU / TCP (Sunspec compliant); Aurora Protocol | 
- Remote monitoring services | Standard level access to Aurora Vision monitoring portal | 
- Advanced features | Integrated Web User Interface; Display (option); Embedded logging and direct transferring of data to Cloud | 
**Environmental**
- Ambient temperature range | -25...+60°C (-13...140°F) with derating over 45°C (113°F) | 
- Storage temperature | -40°C...+85°C / -40°F...185°F | 
- Relative humidity | 4...100% condensing | 
- Sound pressure level, typical | 75 dB(A) @ 1 m | 
- Maximum operating altitude | 4000 m (13123 ft) with derating above 2000 m / 6561 ft | 
- Classification of the degree of environmental pollution for the external environment | 3 | 
- Environmental category | Outdoor | 
**Physical Specs**
- Environmental protection degree | IP 65 (IP54 for cooling section) | 
- Cooling system | Forced air | 
- Dimensions (H x W x D) | 750 mm x 1100 mm x 257 mm / 29.5" x 43.3" x 10.12" | 
- Weight | 70 kg / 154 lbs (SX version) | 
- Mounting system | Wall bracket, horizontal support | 
- Overvoltage category according to IEC 62109-1 | II (DC input) | III (AC output) | 
**Safety**
- Isolation level | Transformerless | 
- Marking | CE (3) | 
- Safety class | I | 

1. The output voltage range may vary depending on the specific grid standards of each country.
2. The output frequency range may vary depending on the specific grid standards of each country.
3. In case of failure, it is limited by the external protection device on the AC circuit.
5. Only 50Hz
6. Max. installable size 20A

*Note. The features that are not specifically mentioned in this data sheet are not included in the product.*